

OECD Guideline for testing of chemicals no. 201

"Freshwater Alga and Cyanobacteria, Growth Inhibition Test"

Green alga Desmodesmus subspicatus

- freshwater unicellular alga
- model organism for investigating ecotoxicological issues
- strain: 86.81 SAG (recommended from OECD guideline no. 201)

Principle of the test

- Determine the toxic effect of a substance on the growth of *D. subspicatus*
- test organism is exposed to test substance (72 h)
 - → highest attainable concentration (limit test)
 - determination if there is a toxic effect (qualitative statement)
 - → various concentrations
 - = determination of EC50 value (quantitative statement)
- -Increase of biomass (cell density) is determined
 - → every 24 h during 72h test period
 - → treatment group(s) vs. unexposed control group
 - → flow cytometer

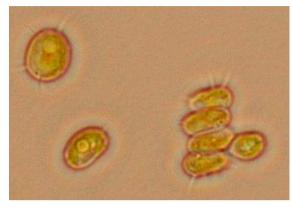


Figure 1: Test organism green algae *D. subspicatus* (400 x magnification)

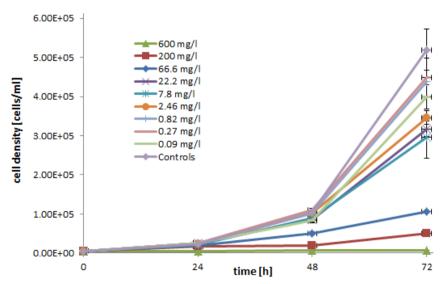


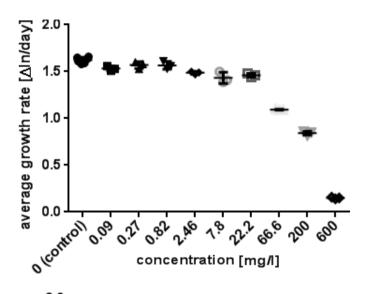
Figure 2: Average growth curves of treatment and unexposed control cultures (experimental data)

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Principle of the test (continued)

- Determination of average growth rates and growth inhibition
 - → treatment group(s) vs. unexposed control group
 - → growth inhibition = toxic effect of test substance for tested concentration(s)
- Analysis of statistical significant differences (P < 0.05):
 - → one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA)
 - → Dunnett's multiple comparison test
- Determination of EC50 value
 - → non-linear regression analysis



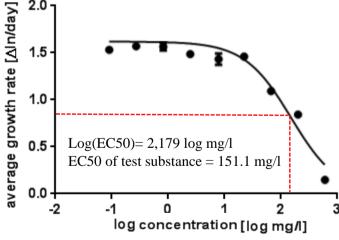


Figure 3: Average growth rates of treatment and unexposed control culture (experimental data)

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Please contact us:

Omya International AG
Microbiology
Baslerstrasse 42
CH-4665 Oftringen

+41 62 789 2512 or +41 62 789 2415 or +41 79 346 9156

www.omya-microbiology.com info.microbiology@omya.com

